Scroll down for all Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for this product.

Total Enclosures: 2



# Safety Data Sheet

Version number: 10.1 2021-08-12 SDS# K2803

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name K-2803 Ampoules, R-2810

Other means of identification Chromate Vacu-vials® Ampoules and Chromate

CHEMets® Refills

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Component of water analysis test kits: K-2803, K-2810

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

CHEMetrics, Inc. 4295 Catlett Road Midland VA 22728 United States

Telephone: 1-540-788-9026 Telefax: 1-540-788-4856

e-mail: technical@chemetrics.com Website: www.chemetrics.com

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service ChemTel Inc.: 1-800-255-3924, +01-813-248-0585

## **SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
3.10	acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.1I	acute toxicity (inhal.)	5	Acute Tox. 5	H333
3.2	skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labeling

- Signal word warning

#### - Pictograms

GHS07



#### - Hazard statements

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
 H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H333 May be harmful if inhaled.

#### - Precautionary statements

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves.

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
water	CAS No 7732-18-5	≥ 59		
diethylene glycol	CAS No 111-46-6	27	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 4 / H332	<u>(1)</u>
Acetic acid	CAS No 64-19-7	10	Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Flam. Liq. 3 / H226	
acetone	CAS No 67-64-1	≤4	Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 STOT SE 3 / H336 Flam. Liq. 2 / H225	<b>♦</b> (!)
1,5-Diphenylcarbazide	CAS No 140-22-7	≤ 0.1	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2A / H319 STOT SE 3 / H335	<u>(1)</u>

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

#### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

## Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

## **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, Alcohol resistant foam, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

Wear impact- and splash-resistant eyewear. Break the ampoule tip only when it is completely immersed in sample. Breaking the tip in air may cause the glass ampoule to shatter.

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### 7.3 Other information

For optimum analytical performance, store in the dark and at room temperature.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)										
Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]		Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Source
US	acetic acid	64-19-7	PEL (CA)	10	25	15	37	40		Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	acetic acid	64-19-7	REL	10 (10 h)	25 (10 h)	15	37			NIOSH REL
US	acetic acid	64-19-7	TLV®	10		15				ACGIH® 2021
US	acetic acid	64-19-7	PEL	10	25					29 CFR 1910.100 0
US	acetone	67-64-1	PEL (CA)	500	1,200	750	1,780	3,000		Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	acetone	67-64-1	REL	250 (10 h)	590 (10 h)					NIOSH REL
US	acetone	67-64-1	TLV®	250		500				ACGIH® 2021
US	acetone	67-64-1	PEL	1,000	2,400					29 CFR 1910.100 0

Notation

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period

(unless otherwise specified)

time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified TWA

## Biological limit values

Country	Name of agent	Parameter	Notation	Identifier	Value	Source
US	acetone	acetone		BEI®	25 mg/l	ACGIH® 2021

## Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
diethylene glycol	111-46-6	DNEL	44 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
diethylene glycol	111-46-6	DNEL	60 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
diethylene glycol	111-46-6	DNEL	43 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
acetone	67-64-1	DNEL	1,210 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

# Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint		Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
acetone	67-64-1	DNEL	2,420 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
acetone	67-64-1	DNEL	186 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

# Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
diethylene glycol	111-46-6	PNEC	10 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
diethylene glycol	111-46-6	PNEC	1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
diethylene glycol	111-46-6	PNEC	199.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)
diethylene glycol	111-46-6	PNEC	20.9 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
diethylene glycol	111-46-6	PNEC	2.09 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
diethylene glycol	111-46-6	PNEC	1.53 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single in- stance)
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	10.6 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	1.06 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	30.4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	3.04 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
acetone	67-64-1	PNEC	29.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single in- stance)

# 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

#### Skin protection

#### - Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

#### - Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

## Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

#### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Product description** Vacu-vials Ampoules: Sealed glass ampoules, 13 mm OD, for instrumental colorimetric water analysis. Each Vacu-vial™ ampoule contains approximately 0.8 - 2 mL of liquid reagent sealed under vacuum. Test kits contain 30 ampoules.

CHEMets Refills: Sealed glass ampoules, 7 mm OD, for visual colorimetric water analysis. Each CHEMet™ ampoule contains approximately 0.2 - 0.5 mL of liquid reagent sealed under vacuum. Refills contain 30 ampoules, test kits contain 1 refill.

## **Appearance**

Physical state	liquid
Color	colorless to pale brown
Particle	not relevant (liquid)
Odor	slight

#### Other safety parameters

pH (value)	2.45 (acid)
Melting point/freezing point	-5 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	150 °C
Flash point	>150 °C at 101.3 kPa
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)

### **Explosive limits**

- Lower explosion limit (LEL)	4 vol%
- Upper explosion limit (UEL)	19.9 vol%
Vapor pressure	240 hPa at 20 °C
Density	not determined
Vapor density	this information is not available
Relative density	1.03 (water = 1)

## Solubility(ies)

- Water solubility	miscible in any proportion
--------------------	----------------------------

#### Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	372 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))
Viscosity	not determined
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

## 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

## Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

## Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

#### Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful if inhaled.

#### - Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Oral 1,852 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>kg</sub>

## Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
diethylene glycol	111-46-6	oral	500 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>
diethylene glycol	111-46-6	inhalation: vapor	11 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h
diethylene glycol	111-46-6	inhalation: dust/mist	>4.6 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Information on this property is not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# **13.1** Waste treatment methods please consider the relevant national or regional

provisions

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**14.1 UN number** not subject to transport regulations

14.2 UN proper shipping name

**14.3** Transport hazard class(es) not assigned

**14.4 Packing group** not assigned

**14.5** Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the danger-

ous goods regulations

#### 14.6 Other relevant information

Shipping container markings and labels, received from CHEMetrics, may vary from the above information. Products that are regulated for transport will be packaged by CHEMetrics as Dangerous Goods in Excepted Quantities according to IATA, US DOT, and IMDG regulations. CHEMetrics may also elect to ship certain products as UN 3316 Chemical Kit, Hazard Class 9, Packing Group II or III. In case of reshipment, it is the responsibility of the shipper to determine appropriate labels and markings in accordance with applicable transportation regulations.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

## **Information for each of the UN Model Regulations**

## Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) - Additional information

Not subject to transport regulations.

## International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

#### International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

#### **National regulations (United States)**

**Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)** 

all ingredients are listed

## Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III )

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

none of the ingredients are listed

#### Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Statutory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
Acetic acid	64-19-7		1	5000 (2270)
acetone	67-64-1		4	5000 (2270)

#### Legend

"1" indicates that the statutory source is section 311(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act

4 "4" indicates that the source is section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)

#### **Clean Air Act**

none of the ingredients are listed

#### **Right to Know Hazardous Substance List**

- Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
Acetic acid	64-19-7		CO F2
acetone	67-64-1		F3

Legend

CO Corrosive

Legend

F2 Flammable - Second Degree F3 Flammable - Third Degree

# California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

none of the ingredients are listed

## Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

#### **NPCA-HMIS® III**

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	/	none
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

#### **NFPA® 704**

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Health	2	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed

Country	Inventory	Status
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed

Legend

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CICR Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation

CSCL-ENCS List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)

DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)

ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China

INSQ National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

## Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

#### Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.

Code	Text
H333	May be harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.



# Safety Data Sheet

Version number: 10.1 2021-08-12 SDS# S2800

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

## 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name A-2800

Other means of identification Acidifier Solution for Chromate Vacu-vials® &

CHEMets® Kits

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Component of water analysis test kits: K-2803, K-2810

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

CHEMetrics, Inc. 4295 Catlett Road Midland VA 22728 United States

Telephone: 1-540-788-9026 Telefax: 1-540-788-4856

e-mail: technical@chemetrics.com Website: www.chemetrics.com

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service ChemTel Inc.: 1-800-255-3924, +01-813-248-0585

## **SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
3.1I	acute toxicity (inhal.)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H331
3.2	skin corrosion/irritation	1A	Skin Corr. 1A	H314
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
3.6	carcinogenicity	1A	Carc. 1A	H350
4.1C	hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	1	Aquatic Chronic 1	H410

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labeling

- Signal word danger

#### - Pictograms

GHS05, GHS06, GHS08,

GHS09







#### - Hazard statements

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H331 Toxic if inhaled. H350 May cause cancer.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### - Precautionary statements

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dusts or mists.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or

shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
water	CAS No 7732-18-5	61		
sulfuric acid	CAS No 7664-93-9	39	Acute Tox. 5 / H303 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Carc. 1A / H350 Aquatic Chronic 1 / H410	

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

#### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

#### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

## **SECTION** 5: Fire-fighting measures

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, Alcohol resistant foam, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

#### Wear Impact- and splash-resistant eyewear.

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Never add water to this product.

- Handling of incompatible substances or mixtures

Do not mix with alkali.

- Keep away from

Caustic solutions

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapors or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

#### 7.3 Other information

For optimum analytical performance, store in the dark and at room temperature.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

Occup	Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)										
Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]		Ceiling-C [mg/m³]		Source
US	sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PEL (CA)		0.1		3				Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	REL		1 (10 h)						NIOSH REL
US	sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PEL		1						29 CFR 1910.100 0
US	sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	TLV®		0.2					t	ACGIH® 2021

Notation

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period

(unless otherwise specified)

t thoracic fraction

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-

weighted average (unless otherwise specified

## Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	DNEL	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	DNEL	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects

# Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PNEC	0.003 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PNEC	0 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)

Relevant PNECs of compone	ents of the mixture
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Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PNEC	8.8 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PNEC	0.002 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PNEC	0.002 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

#### Skin protection

#### - Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

#### - Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

#### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Product description** Acidifier Solution: Plastic bottle, contains approximately 9 mL of liquid reagent. Test kits contain one (1) bottle of solution. Acidifier Solution packs contain six (6) bottles of solution.

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	liquid
Color	colorless
Particle	not relevant (liquid)

Odor	odorless
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## Other safety parameters

pH (value)	<1 (acid)
Melting point/freezing point	1 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	140 °C
Flash point	not determined
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)
Vapor pressure	not determined
Density	not determined
Vapor density	this information is not available
Relative density	1.2 (water = 1)

## Solubility(ies)

- Water solubility	miscible in any proportion
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#### Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Viscosity	not determined
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

## 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

Release of flammable materials with:

Light metals (due to the release of hydrogen in an acid/alkaline medium)

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Toxic if inhaled.

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Inhalation: vapor 7.692 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>l</sub>/4h

## Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	inhalation: vapor	3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	inhalation: dust/mist	0.85 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

## IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans

Name of substance	CAS No	Classification	Number
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	1	

#### Legend

Carcinogenic to humans

#### National Toxicology Program (United States): Report on Carcinogens

Name of substance	CAS No	Classification	Number
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	Known to be a human carcinogen	9th Report on Carcinogens

## Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	EC50	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	ErC50	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	algae	72 h

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Information on this property is not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

please consider the relevant national or regional

provisions

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

DOT UN 2796
IMDG-Code UN 2796
ICAO-TI UN 2796

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN2796, Sulphuric acid, 8, II, environmentally haz-

ardous

DOT Sulphuric acid

IMDG-Code SULPHURIC ACID

ICAO-TI Sulphuric acid

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

DOT 8
IMDG-Code 8

ICAO-TI 8

#### 14.4 Packing group

DOT II
IMDG-Code II
ICAO-TI II

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

hazardous to the aquatic environment

Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic

environment)

sulfuric acid

#### 14.6 Other relevant information

Shipping container markings and labels, received from CHEMetrics, may vary from the above information. Products that are regulated for transport will be packaged by CHEMetrics as Dangerous Goods in Excepted Quantities according to IATA, US DOT, and IMDG regulations. CHEMetrics may also elect to ship certain products as UN 3316 Chemical Kit, Hazard Class 9, Packing Group II or III. In case of reshipment, it is the responsibility of the shipper to determine appropriate labels and markings in accordance with applicable transportation regulations.

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

## **Information for each of the UN Model Regulations**

## Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) - Additional information

Reportable quantity (RQ) 2,564 lbs (1,164 kg) (sulfuric acid)

Danger label(s) 8, fish and tree

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Special provisions (SP) 386, A3, A7, B2, B15, IB2, N6, N34, T8, TP2

ERG No 157

## International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment) (sulfuric acid)

Danger label(s) 8, fish and tree

¥2

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-A, S-B

Segregation group 1 - Acids

## International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 8

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 0,5 L

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

## **National regulations (United States)**

**Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)** 

all ingredients are listed

#### Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III )

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities

Name of substance	CAS No	Notes	Reportable quant- ity (pounds)	Threshold plan- ning quantity (pounds)
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9		1,000	1000

- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

Toxics Release Inventory: Specific Toxic Chemical Listings

- '			
Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Effective date
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	acid aerosols including mists, va- pors, gas, fog, and other airborne forms of any particle size	1986-12-31

## Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Statutory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9		1	1000 (454)

Legend

#### **Clean Air Act**

none of the ingredients are listed

#### **Right to Know Hazardous Substance List**

- Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9		CA CO R2

Legend

CA Carcinogenic CO Corrosive

R2 Reactive - Second Degree

<sup>&</sup>quot;1" indicates that the statutory source is section 311(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act

# California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

none of the ingredients are listed

# Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

#### **NPCA-HMIS® III**

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	3	major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

# **NFPA® 704**

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Health	3	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed

Country	Inventory	Status
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed

Legend

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CICR Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation

CSCL-ENCS List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)

DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)

ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China

INSQ National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

#### Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

#### Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H303	May be harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H350	May cause cancer.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.